

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY
PCT
INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT
(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference MH/FI990967	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No. PCT/FI00/00320	International filing date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 14.04.2000	Priority date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 28.04.1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC7 D 21 F 1/02, D 21 F 1/08		
Applicant METSO PAPER INC. et al		

<p>1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</p> <p>2. This REPORT consists of a total of <u>3</u> sheets, including this cover sheet.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).</p> <p>These annexes consist of a total of <u>3</u> sheets.</p> <p>3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Basis of the report II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III <input type="checkbox"/> Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability IV <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of unity of invention V <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement VI <input type="checkbox"/> Certain documents cited VII <input type="checkbox"/> Certain defects in the international application VIII <input type="checkbox"/> Certain observations on the international application
--

Date of submission of the demand 04.10.2000	Date of completion of this report 24.07.2001
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE Patent- och registreringsverket Box 5055 S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. 08-667 72 88	Authorized officer Wiva Asplund/ELY Telephone No. 08-782 25 00

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI00/00320

I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the elements of the international application:*

 the international application as originally filed the description:pages 1-7 , as originally filed
pages _____

pages _____ , filed with the demand

 the claims:pages _____ , as originally filed
pages 1-7 , as amended (together with any statement) under article 19

pages _____ , filed with the demand

pages _____ , filed with the letter of _____

 the drawings:pages 1-2 , as originally filed
pages _____

pages _____ , filed with the demand

 the sequence listing part of the description:pages _____ , as originally filed
pages _____ , filed with the demand

pages _____ , filed with the letter of _____

2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language _____ which is:

 the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

 contained in the international application in written form. filed together with the international application in computer readable form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form. The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished. The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: the description, pages _____ the claims, Nos. _____ the drawings, sheet/fig _____5. This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2 (c)).**

* Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).

** Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item I and annexed to this report.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI00/00320

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims	_____	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims	_____	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims	_____	NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Documents cited in the International Search Report:

D1) EP 0824157 A2
 D2) US 4897158 A

The invention according to the amended claims of September 14, 2000 relates to a method and a headbox for passing dilution water into connection with a stock flow in a paper or board machine.

Document D1 discloses a method to distribute a fibre suspension in a headbox of a paper machine.

Document D2 discloses a headbox for a papermaking machine with an adjustable distribution of the fibre stock suspension over the web width.

Both the cited documents are now considered to show the closest background art. The reason for this revaluation is that none of the documents disclose a method for passing dilution water to a stock flow in a headbox in at least two stages using in the first dilution stage, valves fitted with a larger mutual spacing at different points of width across the headbox, and using in the second dilution stage, valves fitted with a denser spacing than the valves of the first dilution stage. A coarse control of the basis weight profile of the stock is carried out in the first dilution stage, and a fine control in the second dilution stage across the width of the machine.

Therefore, the claimed invention according to claims 1-7 is novel, is considered to involve an inventive step and be industrially applicable.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORTInternational application No.
PCT/FI 00/00320

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC7: D21F 1/02, D21F 1/08

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC7: D21F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0824157 A2 (VOITH SULZER PAPIERMASCHINEN GMBH), 18 February 1998 (18.02.98), column 8, line 22 - column 11, line 21, figures 1-4 --	1-9
X	US 4897158 A (ELMER WEISSHUHN ET AL), 30 January 1990 (30.01.90), column 12, line 10 - column 13, line 58, figure 6 -- -----	1-9

 Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.

- * Special categories of cited documents
- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "V" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
24 August 2000	28-08-2000
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Swedish Patent Office Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. + 46 8 666 02 86	Authorized officer Olov Jensén/MP Telephone No. + 46 8 782 25 00

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

08/05/00

International application No.	
PCT/FI 00/00320	

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP 0824157 A2	18/02/98	DE	19632672 A	19/02/98
		DE	19632673 A	19/02/98
US 4897158 A	30/01/90	AT	47438 T	15/11/89
		DE	3514554 A,C,R	27/03/86
		DE	3573813 D	00/00/00
		EP	0195807 A,B	01/10/86
		SE	0195807 T3	
		FI	90359 B	15/10/93
		FI	861944 A	09/05/86
		US	4888094 A	19/12/89
		US	4898643 A	06/02/90
		WO	8601844 A	27/03/86
		DE	3439051 A	27/03/86

PCTENT COOPERATION TREATY

27-11-2000

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

PCT

NOTIFICATION CONCERNING
AMENDMENTS OF THE CLAIMS(PCT Rule 62 and
Administrative Instructions, Section 417)

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 21 November 2000 (21.11.00)	To: Swedish Patent Office P.O. Box 5055 S-102 42 Stockholm SUÈDE
International application No. PCT/FI00/00320	International filing date (day/month/year) 14 April 2000 (14.04.00)
Applicant VALMET CORPORATION et al	

The International Bureau hereby transmits a copy of the amendments to the claims under Article 19 together with any accompanying statement (Rule 62).

The International Bureau of WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorized officer

Charlotte ENGER

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Claims

1. A method for passing dilution water into connection with a stock flow passed from a stock inlet header of a headbox in a paper or board machine, **characterized** in that, in 5 the method, dilution is carried out in at least two stages using in the first dilution stage (I) valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) fitted with a larger mutual spacing at different points of width across the headbox and passing the dilution water through said valves to desired points of width of the headbox according to the requirement of control of the basis weight of paper or board, and that, in the method, in the second dilution stage (II), dilution water 10 is passed into connection with the stock flow coming from the first dilution stage (I), said dilution water being controlled by means of valves ($V'_1, V'_2\dots$), which valves ($V'_1, V'_2\dots$) have been fitted with a denser spacing than the valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I), and that coarse control of the basis weight profile of the stock (M_1) is carried out in the first dilution stage (I) and fine control of the basis weight profile of the 15 stock (M_1) is carried out in the second dilution stage (II) across the width of the machine.
2. A method according to claim 1, **characterized** in that in the second stage (II) of dilution, as dilution water is used water the solids, filler or fibre content of which is 20 substantially lower in percentage terms than that of the dilution water of the first stage (I) of dilution.
3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, **characterized** in that the dilution water used in the second dilution stage (II) is raw water or clarified white water.
- 25 4. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, **characterized** in that the dilution water of the first stage (I) is white water.
5. A headbox (10) of a paper or board machine which comprises a stock inlet header 30 (J₁) and after that a tube bank (11) and after the tube bank an intermediate chamber (12) and after the intermediate chamber a turbulence generator (13) and after the turbulence

generator a slice cone (14) from which stock is passed further onto a forming wire (H_1), characterized in that the apparatus comprises valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of a first dilution stage (I), through which valves dilution water is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) passed from the inlet header (J_1) to desired points across the width of the headbox

5 so as to control the basis weight of the web in the first stage (I), and that the headbox comprises valves ($V_1', V_2', V_3'\dots$) of a second dilution stage (II), through which valves ($V_1', V_2'\dots$) the dilution water of the second stage is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) coming from the first dilution stage (I), and that the valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I) are spaced a longer distance from one another than the valves

10 ($V_1', V_2', V_3'\dots$) of the second dilution stage (II), in which connection coarse control of the basis weight of the web is carried out by means of the valves ($V_1, V_2\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I) and fine control of the basis weight of the web is carried out by means of the valves ($V_1', V_2'\dots$) of the second dilution stage (II).

15 6. A headbox of a paper or board machine according to claim 5, characterized in that the dilution water of the first dilution stage (I) is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) passed from the stock inlet header (J_1) in connection with the tube bank (11), and that the dilution water of the second dilution stage (II) is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) coming from the first dilution stage (I) in connection with the turbulence

20 generator (13).

7. A headbox according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that the apparatus comprises an inlet header (J_3) for the dilution water of the second dilution stage (II), said inlet header comprising raw water as dilution water.

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION TREATY
PCT
INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT
(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference MH/FI990967	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. PCT/FI00/00320	International filing date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 14.04.2000	Priority date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 28.04.1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC7 D 21 F 1/02, D 21 F 1/08		
Applicant METSO PAPER INC. et al		

<p>1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</p> <p>2. This REPORT consists of a total of <u>3</u> sheets, including this cover sheet.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).</p> <p>These annexes consist of a total of <u>3</u> sheets.</p> <p>3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Basis of the report II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III <input type="checkbox"/> Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability IV <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of unity of invention V <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement VI <input type="checkbox"/> Certain documents cited VII <input type="checkbox"/> Certain defects in the international application VIII <input type="checkbox"/> Certain observations on the international application
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Date of submission of the demand 04.10.2000	Date of completion of this report 24.07.2001
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE Patent- och registreringsverket Box 5055 S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. 08-667 72 88	Authorized officer Wiva Asplund/ELY Telephone No. 08-782 25 00

I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the elements of the international application:*

 the international application as originally filed the description:

pages 1-7, as originally filed

pages _____, filed with the demand

pages _____, filed with the letter of _____

 the claims:

pages _____, as originally filed

pages 1-7, as amended (together with any statement) under article 19

pages _____, filed with the demand

pages _____, filed with the letter of _____

 the drawings:

pages 1-2, as originally filed

pages _____, filed with the demand

pages _____, filed with the letter of _____

 the sequence listing part of the description:

pages _____, as originally filed

pages _____, filed with the demand

pages _____, filed with the letter of _____

2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language _____ which is:

 the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

 contained in the international application in written form. filed together with the international application in computer readable form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form. The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished. The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: the description, pages _____ the claims, Nos. _____ the drawings, sheet/fig _____5. This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2 (c)).**

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI00/00320

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims		NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims		NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Documents cited in the International Search Report:

D1) EP 0824157 A2
 D2) US 4897158 A

The invention according to the amended claims of September 14, 2000 relates to a method and a headbox for passing dilution water into connection with a stock flow in a paper or board machine.

Document D1 discloses a method to distribute a fibre suspension in a headbox of a paper machine.

Document D2 discloses a headbox for a papermaking machine with an adjustable distribution of the fibre stock suspension over the web width.

Both the cited documents are now considered to show the closest background art. The reason for this revaluation is that none of the documents disclose a method for passing dilution water to a stock flow in a headbox in at least two stages using in the first dilution stage, valves fitted with a larger mutual spacing at different points of width across the headbox, and using in the second dilution stage, valves fitted with a denser spacing than the valves of the first dilution stage. A coarse control of the basis weight profile of the stock is carried out in the first dilution stage, and a fine control in the second dilution stage across the width of the machine.

Therefore, the claimed invention according to claims 1-7 is novel, is considered to involve an inventive step and be industrially applicable.

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

27-11-2000

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

PCT

NOTIFICATION CONCERNING
AMENDMENTS OF THE CLAIMS(PCT Rule 62 and
Administrative Instructions, Section 417)

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

21 November 2000 (21.11.00)

To:

Swedish Patent Office
P.O. Box 5055
S-102 42 Stockholm
SUÈDE

in its capacity as International Preliminary Examining Authority

International application No.

PCT/FI00/00320

International filing date (day/month/year)

14 April 2000 (14.04.00)

Applicant

VALMET CORPORATION et al

The International Bureau hereby transmits a copy of the amendments to the claims under Article 19 together with any accompanying statement (Rule 62).

The International Bureau of WIPO
34, chemin des Colombettes
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorized officer

Charlotte ENGER

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Claims

1. A method for passing dilution water into connection with a stock flow passed from a stock inlet header of a headbox in a paper or board machine, **characterized** in that, in 5 the method, dilution is carried out in at least two stages using in the first dilution stage (I) valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) fitted with a larger mutual spacing at different points of width across the headbox and passing the dilution water through said valves to desired points of width of the headbox according to the requirement of control of the basis weight of paper or board, and that, in the method, in the second dilution stage (II), dilution water 10 is passed into connection with the stock flow coming from the first dilution stage (I), said dilution water being controlled by means of valves ($V'_1, V'_2\dots$), which valves ($V'_1, V'_2\dots$) have been fitted with a denser spacing than the valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I), and that coarse control of the basis weight profile of the stock (M_1) is carried out in the first dilution stage (I) and fine control of the basis weight profile of the 15 stock (M_1) is carried out in the second dilution stage (II) across the width of the machine.
2. A method according to claim 1, **characterized** in that in the second stage (II) of dilution, as dilution water is used water the solids, filler or fibre content of which is 20 substantially lower in percentage terms than that of the dilution water of the first stage (I) of dilution.
3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, **characterized** in that the dilution water used in the second dilution stage (II) is raw water or clarified white water.
- 25 4. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, **characterized** in that the dilution water of the first stage (I) is white water.
5. A headbox (10) of a paper or board machine which comprises a stock inlet header 30 (J_1) and after that a tube bank (11) and after the tube bank an intermediate chamber (12) and after the intermediate chamber a turbulence generator (13) and after the turbulence

generator a slice cone (14) from which stock is passed further onto a forming wire (H_1), characterized in that the apparatus comprises valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of a first dilution stage (I), through which valves dilution water is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) passed from the inlet header (J_1) to desired points across the width of the headbox

5 so as to control the basis weight of the web in the first stage (I), and that the headbox comprises valves ($V_1', V_2', V_3\dots$) of a second dilution stage (II), through which valves ($V_1', V_2\dots$) the dilution water of the second stage is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) coming from the first dilution stage (I), and that the valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I) are spaced a longer distance from one another than the valves

10 ($V_1', V_2', V_3\dots$) of the second dilution stage (II), in which connection coarse control of the basis weight of the web is carried out by means of the valves ($V_1, V_2\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I) and fine control of the basis weight of the web is carried out by means of the valves ($V_1', V_2\dots$) of the second dilution stage (II).

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20 generator (13).

7. A headbox according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that the apparatus comprises an inlet header (J_3) for the dilution water of the second dilution stage (II), said inlet header comprising raw water as dilution water.

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

REC'D 01 AUG 2001
WIPO
PCT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference MH/FI990967	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No. PCT/FI00/00320	International filing date (day/month/year) 14.04.2000	Priority date (day/month/year) 28.04.1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC7 D 21 F 1/02, D 21 F 1/08		
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Date of submission of the demand 04.10.2000	Date of completion of this report 24.07.2001
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE Patent- och registreringsverket Box 5055 S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. 08-667 72 88	Authorized officer Telex 17978 PATOREG-S Wiva Asplund/ELY Telephone No. 08-782 25 00

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI00/00320

I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the elements of the international application:*

 the international application as originally filed the description:pages 1-7 , as originally filed

pages _____, filed with the demand

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 the claims:

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1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims		NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims		NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-7	YES
	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Documents cited in the International Search Report:

D1) EP 0824157 A2
 D2) US 4897158 A

The invention according to the amended claims of September 14, 2000 relates to a method and a headbox for passing dilution water into connection with a stock flow in a paper or board machine.

Document D1 discloses a method to distribute a fibre suspension in a headbox of a paper machine.

Document D2 discloses a headbox for a papermaking machine with an adjustable distribution of the fibre stock suspension over the web width.

Both the cited documents are now considered to show the closest background art. The reason for this revaluation is that none of the documents disclose a method for passing dilution water to a stock flow in a headbox in at least two stages using in the first dilution stage, valves fitted with a larger mutual spacing at different points of width across the headbox, and using in the second dilution stage, valves fitted with a denser spacing than the valves of the first dilution stage. A coarse control of the basis weight profile of the stock is carried out in the first dilution stage, and a fine control in the second dilution stage across the width of the machine.

Therefore, the claimed invention according to claims 1-7 is novel, is considered to involve an inventive step and be industrially applicable.

Claims

1. A method for passing dilution water into connection with a stock flow passed from a stock inlet header of a headbox in a paper or board machine, **characterized** in that, in 5 the method, dilution is carried out in at least two stages using in the first dilution stage (I) valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) fitted with a larger mutual spacing at different points of width across the headbox and passing the dilution water through said valves to desired points of width of the headbox according to the requirement of control of the basis weight of paper or board, and that, in the method, in the second dilution stage (II), dilution water 10 is passed into connection with the stock flow coming from the first dilution stage (I), said dilution water being controlled by means of valves ($V'_1, V'_2\dots$), which valves ($V'_1, V'_2\dots$) have been fitted with a denser spacing than the valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I), and that coarse control of the basis weight profile of the stock (M_1) is carried out in the first dilution stage (I) and fine control of the basis weight profile of the 15 stock (M_1) is carried out in the second dilution stage (II) across the width of the machine.
2. A method according to claim 1, **characterized** in that in the second stage (II) of dilution, as dilution water is used water the solids, filler or fibre content of which is 20 substantially lower in percentage terms than that of the dilution water of the first stage (I) of dilution.
3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, **characterized** in that the dilution water used in the second dilution stage (II) is raw water or clarified white water.
- 25 4. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, **characterized** in that the dilution water of the first stage (I) is white water.
5. A headbox (10) of a paper or board machine which comprises a stock inlet header 30 (J₁) and after that a tube bank (11) and after the tube bank an intermediate chamber (12) and after the intermediate chamber a turbulence generator (13) and after the turbulence

generator a slice cone (14) from which stock is passed further onto a forming wire (H_1), characterized in that the apparatus comprises valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of a first dilution stage (I), through which valves dilution water is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) passed from the inlet header (J_1) to desired points across the width of the headbox

5 so as to control the basis weight of the web in the first stage (I), and that the headbox comprises valves ($V_1', V_2', V_3\dots$) of a second dilution stage (II), through which valves ($V_1', V_2\dots$) the dilution water of the second stage is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) coming from the first dilution stage (I), and that the valves ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I) are spaced a longer distance from one another than the valves

10 ($V_1', V_2', V_3\dots$) of the second dilution stage (II), in which connection coarse control of the basis weight of the web is carried out by means of the valves ($V_1, V_2\dots$) of the first dilution stage (I) and fine control of the basis weight of the web is carried out by means of the valves ($V_1', V_2\dots$) of the second dilution stage (II).

15 6. A headbox of a paper or board machine according to claim 5, characterized in that the dilution water of the first dilution stage (I) is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) passed from the stock inlet header (J_1) in connection with the tube bank (11), and that the dilution water of the second dilution stage (II) is passed into connection with the stock (M_1) coming from the first dilution stage (I) in connection with the turbulence

20 generator (13).

7. A headbox according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that the apparatus comprises an inlet header (J_3) for the dilution water of the second dilution stage (II), said inlet header comprising raw water as dilution water.

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PCT REQUEST

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MH/FI990967

0	For receiving Office use only	
0-1	International Application No.	PCT/FI 0 0 / 0 0 3 2 0
0-2	International Filing Date	14 APR 2000 (14-04-2000)
0-3	Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"	The Finnish Patent Office PCT International Application
0-4	Form - PCT/RO/101 PCT Request	
0-4-1	Prepared using	PCT-EASY Version 2.90 (updated 08.03.2000)
0-5	Petition The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty	
0-6	Receiving Office (specified by the applicant)	National Board of Patents and Registration (Finland) (RO/FI)
0-7	Applicant's or agent's file reference	MH/FI990967
I	Title of invention	METHOD AND EQUIPMENT FOR MIXING OF DILUTION LIQUID INTO A STOCK FLOW IN A PAPER OR BOARD MACHINE
II	Applicant	
II-1	This person is:	applicant only
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II-7	State of residence	FI
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III-1-7	State of residence	FI

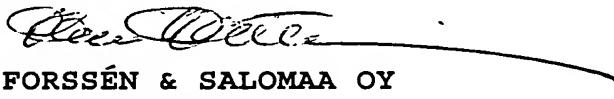
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IV-1	Agent or common representative; or address for correspondence The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: Name	agent FORSSÉN & SALOMAA OY Yrjönkatu 30 FIN-00100 HELSINKI Finland +358 9 615 3500 +358 9 615 35111 forsapat@fspat.fi
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IV-1-5	e-mail	
V Designation of States		
V-1	Regional Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)	AP: GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT EA: AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT
V-2	National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)	AE AG AL AM AT (patent and utility model) AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH&LI CN CR CU CZ (patent and utility model) DE (patent and utility model) DK (patent and utility model) DM DZ EE (patent and utility model) ES FI (patent and utility model) GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK (patent and utility model) SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

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V-5	Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) of the State(s) indicated under item V-6 below. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.		
V-6	Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations NONE		
VI-1	Priority claim of earlier national application Filing date 28 April 1999 (28.04.1999) Number 990967 Country FI		
VI-2	Priority document request The receiving Office is requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s): VI-1		
VII-1	International Searching Authority Chosen Swedish Patent Office (ISA/SE)		
VIII	Check list	number of sheets	electronic file(s) attached
VIII-1	Request	4	-
VIII-2	Description	7	-
VIII-3	Claims	2	-
VIII-4	Abstract	1	990967.txt
VIII-5	Drawings	2	-
VIII-7	TOTAL	16	
VIII-8	Accompanying items Fee calculation sheet ✓ Separate signed power of attorney ✓ Copy of general power of attorney ✓ PCT-EASY diskette - diskette Other (specified): Official Action - Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract 2 Language of filing of the international application Finnish		electronic file(s) attached
IX-1	Signature of applicant or agent	 FORSSÉN & SALOMAA OY Mauri Herttuanen	
IX-1-1	Name		
IX-1-2	Name of signatory		

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10-1	Date of actual receipt of the purported international application	14 APR 2000	(14-04-2000)
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PCT/FI 00/00320

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10-2	Drawings:	
10-2-1	Received	
10-2-2	Not received	
10-3	Corrected date of actual receipt due to later but timely received papers or drawings completing the purported international application	
10-4	Date of timely receipt of the required corrections under PCT Article 11(2)	
10-5	International Searching Authority	ISA/SE
10-6	Transmittal of search copy delayed until search fee is paid	

FOR INTERNATIONAL BUREAU USE ONLY

11-1	Date of receipt of the record copy by the International Bureau	09 MAY 2000	(09.05.00)
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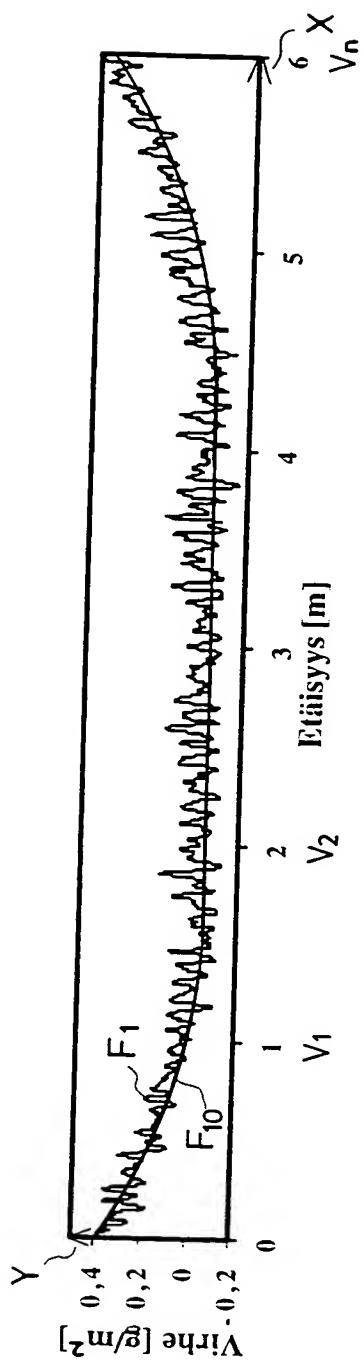


FIG. 1A

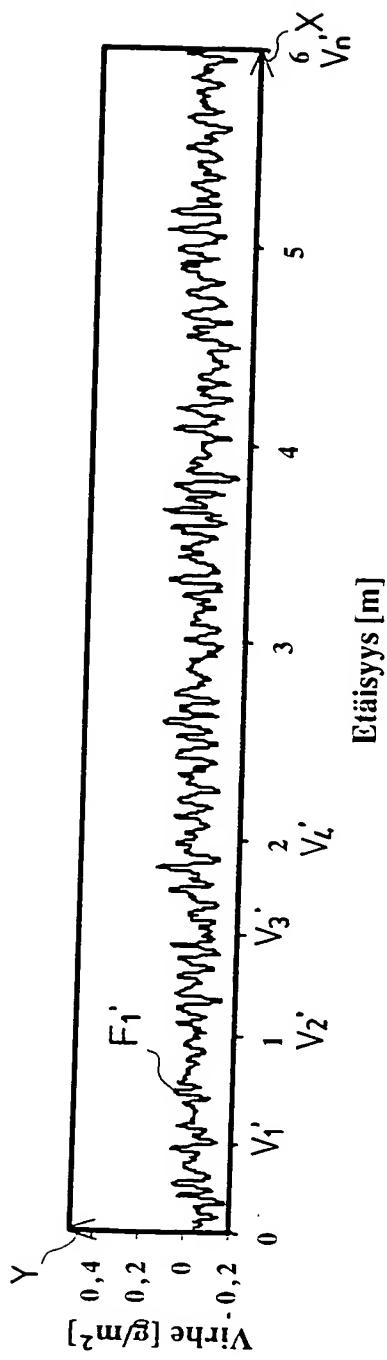


FIG. 1B

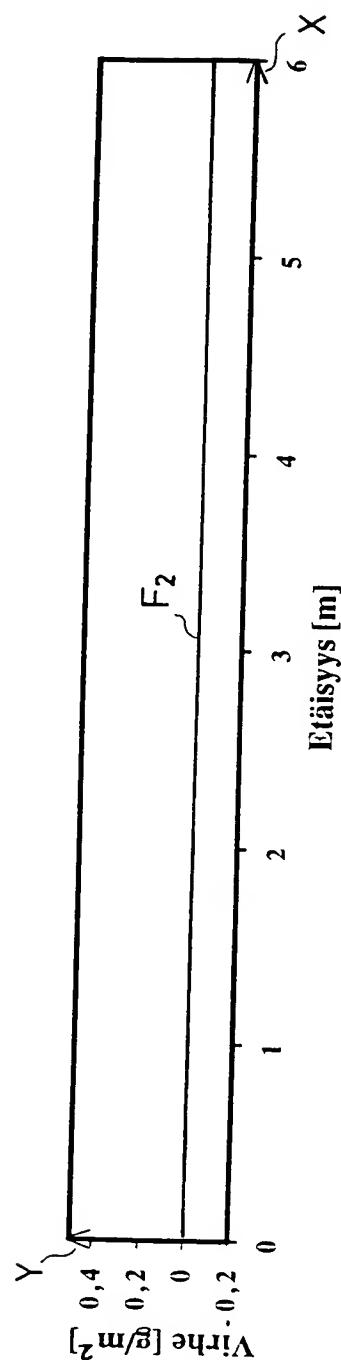


FIG. 1C

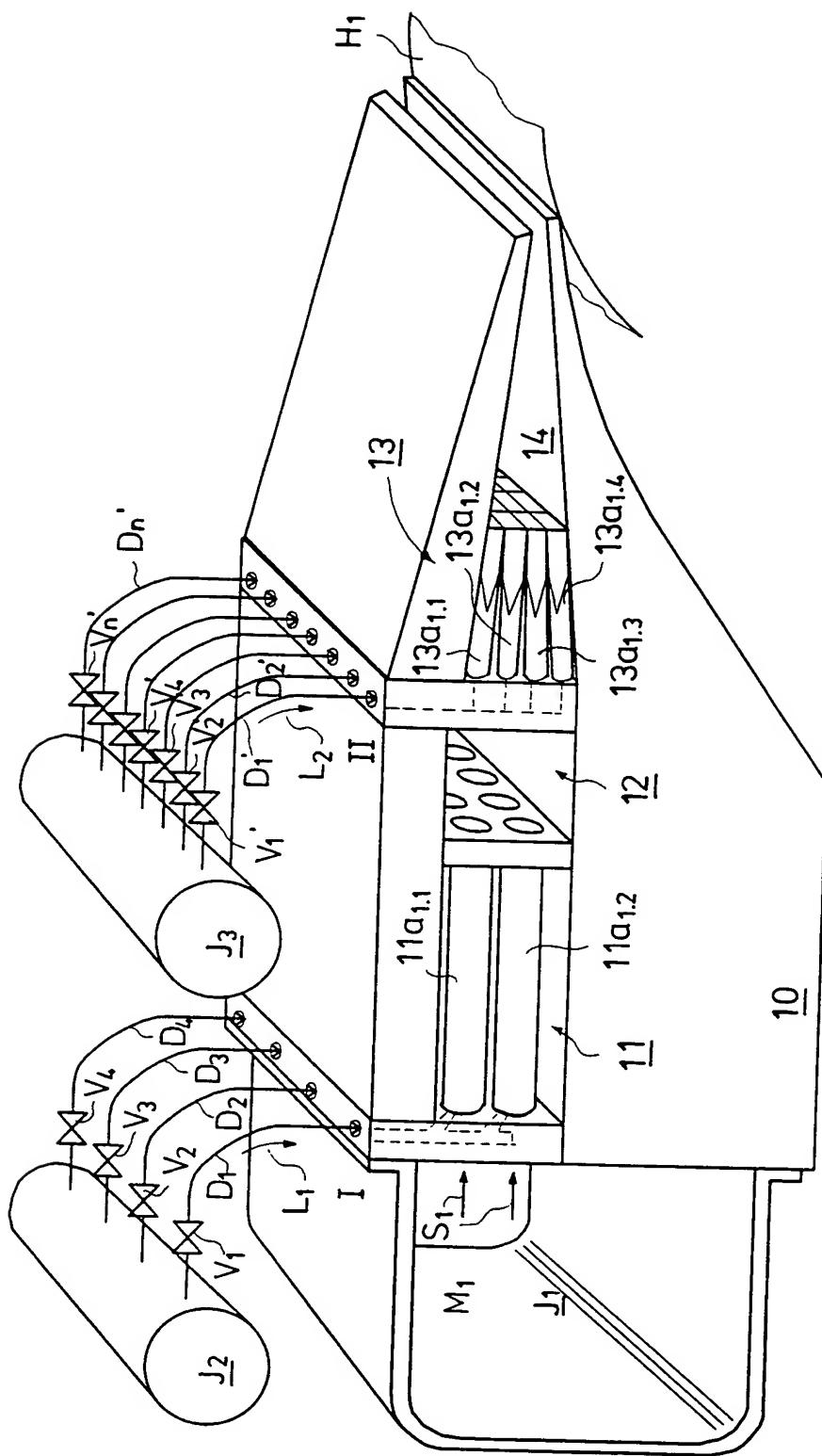


FIG. 2

Menetelmä ja laitteisto laimennusnesteen sekoittamiseksi
massavirtaukseen paperikoneessa tai kartonkikoneessa

5

Keksinnön kohteena on menetelmä ja laitteisto laimennusnesteen sekoittamiseksi mas-
savirtaukseen paperikoneessa tai kartonkikoneessa.

10 Tekniikan tason osalta viittaamme julkaisuun DE-19723861 ja FI 901593.

On osoittautunut, että mittauslaitteiden kehittymisen myötä markkinoilla neliömassaprofiilin sääötarkkuusvaatimukset kasvavat aina vain enemmän. Tavanomaisen ns. laimennusperälaatikon laimennusjakoväli on tällä hetkellä noin 32–75 mm, eikä sen 15 pienentäminen enää ole mahdollista, jos laimennusvetenä käytetään kuituja sisältävää viiravettä, koska viiravedellä auki pysyvät laimennuksen syöttökanavat eivät mahdu tiheällä jaolla olevien pillirivien väliin.

20 Ratkaisuksi esitetään tarvitaessa laimennuksen muuttamista kaksivaiheiseksi siten, että karkeasäätö tehdään viiravedellä ja hienosäätö raakavedellä.

25 Kasvava sääötarkkuusvaatimus edellyttää yhä tiheämpää laimennusjakoväliä ja sitä kautta yhä ahtaampia laimennussyöttökanavia. Mikäli laimennusvetenä käytetään viiravettä, tukkeentuvat ahtaat laimennuskanavat helposti. Raakavedellä ei tukkeentumisongelmia esiinny, mutta sen "täysimääräinen käyttö" ei ole taloudellisista ja ympäristösyistä järkevää.

30 Kaksivaiheisen laimennuksen idea on korjata suuret neliömassaprofilivirheet suurella viiravesimäärällä ja pienet profiilivirheet pienellä raakavesimäärällä. Näin saavutetaan paperitehtaalla hyvä raakavesitalous.

Toinen kaksivaiheisuuden etu on neliömassaprofilin hyvä säätömahdollisuus. Voidaan käyttää koko venttiilin säätöalue hyväksi ja voidaan valita molempien säätöihin optimikokoiset säätöventtiilit.

5 Karkeasäätö tehdään jakotukin jälkeiseen pillistöön kuten konventionaalissa perälaatikossa. Säädön jakoväli ensimmäisessä laimennusvaiheessa voidaan kasvattaa esim. 120 mm:iin siten, että yksi laimennuselin syöttää kahta pilliriviä. Karkeasäätö korjaa profiilin karkeat muotovirheet, kuten esim. radan kutistumisesta aiheutuvat profiilivirheet. Karkeasäädön jälkeen profiiliin jäljelle jäävät pienet virheet korjataan toisen vai-
10 heen hienosäätöläimennuksella.

15 Hienosäätö tehdään turbulenssigeneraattorilaimennuksena laimentamalla joitain, tai jokaista, turbulenssigeneraattorin pilliä. Jäljellä olevien pienien virheiden korjaamiseen tarvitaan hyvin pieni laimennus, joten hienosäädön laimennusvetenä voidaan käyttää taloudellisesti raakavettä tai kuitujen talteenotosta saatavaa kirkastettua viiravettä. Koska esim. raakavesi ei sisällä likaavia tai tukkivia partikkeleita, voidaan laimennuskana-
20 vatt tehdä hyvin ahtaisiin tiloihin. Lisäksi säätöventtiilit, sekä venttiilejä käyttävät toimilaitteet, voivat olla tavallisia markkinoilta löytyviä standardilaitteita, jotka ovat huomattavasti edullisempia konventionaalisiin laimennusventtiileihin ja toimilaitteisiin verrattuna.

25 Paikallinen minimilaimennus raakavedellä voi olla lähes 0 % ja maksimipaikallinen laimennuksen ei tarvitse olla korkea, koska raakaveden sakeus on 0 % ja jäljellä oleva korjattava virhe on pieni. Näin ollen kalliimpaa raakavettä kulutetaan hyvin pieni mää-
rä. Raakaveden syötölle ei tarvita erillistä kiertoa.

Hinnaltaan esitetty ratkaisu ei poikkea juurikaan konventionaalisen laimennusperälaatikon hinnasta. Esityssä ratkaisussa käytetään puolet vähemmän kalliita laimennus-venttiilejä ja -toimilaitteita.

Näin ollen entuudestaan tunnetaan sekoitinyksiköt, joissa laimennusvesi ja perälaatikon jakotukista johdettu massa sekoitetaan ja yhdistynyt virtaus johdetaan edelleen eteenpäin perälaatikossa ja muodostusviiralle. Laimennusnesteen tuontikohtia sijaitsee perälaatikon eri leveysasemissa ja näin ollen riippuvaisesti siitä tiheydestä, jolla laimennuskohtia sijaitsee perälaatikon leveydeltä, saadaan haluttu resoluutio rainan neliöpäinon säätöön.

5 Keksinnön mukaiselle menetelmälle ja laitteistolle on tunnusomaista se, mitä on esitetty patenttivaatimuksissa.

10

Tässä hakemuksesta ehdotetaan siten käytettäväksi ainakin kaksiportaista laimennusta. Laimennuksen ensimmäisessä vaiheessa suoritetaan neliöpainoprofiilin karkeasääti ja laimennuksen toisessa vaiheessa hienosääti. Ensimmäisessä vaiheessa käytetään viiravettä laimennusvetenä ja ensimmäisessä vaiheessa ovat venttiilit harvemmalla jaotuksellakin kuin toisessa säätövaiheessa, jossa venttiilit ovat tiheämmällä jaotuksella kuin ensimmäisessä laimennusvaiheessa. Etuna ratkaisussa on se, että toisen vaiheen venttiilit voivat olla konstruktioitaan vähemmän tarkkuutta vaativia ja siten halvempia kuin ensimmäisen vaiheen venttiilit. Ne eivät tukkeudu, koska toisessa vaiheessa käytetään kuituja sisältämätöntä laimennusvettä. Venttiilit voivat siten sisältää pienemmät kanavat. Ne eivät vaadi paljon tilaa.

15 Keksinnön puitteissa voidaan käyttää myös kolmivaiheisia tai useampivaiheista säätiöitä, mutta edullisin säätoratkaisu on kaksivaiheinen laimennusnesteen säätiö.

20

Paperikoneen tai kartonkikoneen perälaatikkorakenne voi olla edullisesti seuraava:

25

- a) massa johdetaan massanjakotukkiin, joka kapenee poistopäätään kohti tavaramaisesti,
- b) massanjakotukista johdetaan massavirta pillistöön ja edelleen pillistön kautta välikammioon,

c) välikammiosta johdetaan massavirtaus edelleen turbulenssigeneraattoriin ja turbulenssigeneraattorista edelleen huulikartion kautta muodostusviiralle.

5 Keksintöä selostetaan seuraavassa viittaamalla oheisiin piirustuksiin kuvioissa esitettyihin eksinnön eräisiin edullisiin suoritusmuotoihin, joihin eksintöä ei ole tarkoitus kuitenkaan yksinomaan rajoittaa.

10 Keksinnön mukaisesti sijaitsevat ensimmäiset laimennusvaiheen venttiilit pillistön yhteydessä ja toisen laimennusvaiheen venttiilit välikammion jälkeen turbulenssigeneraattorin yhteydessä.

15 Kuvioissa 1A–1C on esitetty eksinnön mukainen menetelmä vaiheittain. Kuvion 1A kuvaaja F_1 esittää korjaamatonta jakotukilta J_1 johdetun massan neliöpainoprofilia koneleveydeltä. Ensimmäisessä laimennusvaiheessa suoritetaan karkea neliöpainoprofilisäätö ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen venttiileillä V_1, V_2, \dots

Neliöpainoprofilia säätävien venttiilien V_1, V_2, \dots jälkeistä neliöpainoprofilia esitetään kuvion 1B kuvaajassa F_1' .

20 Kuviossa 1C kuvaaja F_2 esittää toisen laimennusvaiheen jälkeistä korjattua massan neliöpainoprofilia. Toisen laimennusvaiheen laimennusventtiilit V_1', V_2', \dots on sijoitettu esimerkiksi turbulenssigeneraattorin yhteyteen. Kuvaaja F_2 esittää neliöpainoprofilia massavirrassa koneleveydeltä toisen vaiheen venttiilien V_1', V_2', \dots suorittaman säädön jälkeen.

25

Kuvioissa 1A–1C esittää vaakakoordinaatti X perälaatikkokäyttöä ja pystykoordinaatti Y esittää neliöpainoa. Pystykoordinaatistosta Y on luettavissa massassa ja edelleen raiossa esiintyvä neliöpainon poikkeama 0-tasosta eli neliöpainovirhe. Neliöpainoprofiili voidaan mitata massavirrasta, mutta helpoin tapa on mitata neliöpaine valmiista paperi-
30 tai kartonkirainasta.

Kuviossa 2 on esitetty keksinnön mukainen paperikoneen tai kartonkikoneen perälaittikko.

5 Kuviossa 1A ensimmäisessä kuvaajassa F_1 on esitetty ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen säätö. Kuvaaja F_1 esittää massassa esiintyvää neliöpainovaihtelua ennen ensimmäisen vaiheen säätöventtiilejä $V_1, V_2, V_3 \dots$

10 Kuviossa 1A esittää kuvaaja F_1 massassa M_1 esiintyvää neliöpainovaihtelua. Keskimääräinen neliöpainovaihtelu on esitetty edelleen kuvaajalla F_{10} . Niin kuin kuvaajasta F_{10} nähdään esiintyy neliöpainossa ensinnäkin muotovirhe ja toiseksi paikallinen virhe. Kyseinen muotovirhe korjataan ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen I säätöventtiileillä $V_1, V_2 \dots$ niin, että kuvaajasta F_{10} saadaan suora. Paikalliset virheet korjataan toisen vaiheen II neliöpainosäädöllä venttiileillä $V_1', V_2' \dots$

15 Kuvion 1B kuvaaja F_1' esittää ensimmäisen vaiheen jälkeistä tilannetta, jolloin laimennusnesteen tuonnilla on toteutettu massan M_1 neliöpainon säätö. Kuvaajassa vaaka-koordinaatisto X esittää perälaitikon poikkisuuntaista asemaa ja venttiilien asemia on merkitty $V_1', V_2', V_3' \dots$ vaakakoordinaatistoon X. Pystykoordinaatistossa Y on esitetty massan neliöpainovirhe ensimmäisen vaiheen I säädön jälkeen.

20 Kuviossa 1C on esitetty toisen laimennusvaiheen II neliöpainosäätöä. Kuvaaja F_2 esittää tilannetta toisen laimennusvaiheen laimennusnesteventtiilien $V_1', V_2', V_3' \dots$ jälkeen. Kuvaaja F_2 on suora ja neliöpainovirhettä ei enää esiinny. Kuvaajassa vaakakoordinaatit kuvaavat perälaitikkoleveyttä ja venttiilien asemaa on merkitty $V_1', V_2' \dots$ kulloiseenkin vaakakoordinaatiston X pisteeseen. Pystykoordinaatti Y esittää massan neliöpainovirhettä. 0-taso esittää virheetöntä vakioneliöpainotilannetta. Ensimmäisen vaiheen I laimennusvetenä käytetään viiravettä, joka voi sisältää kuituja ja täyte-/hienoaineita. Toisen vaiheen II laimennus suoritetaan laimennusvedellä, jossa ei ole kuituja, kuten raakavedellä. Etuna tällöin on, että voidaan käyttää tavaramaisia venttiilejä $V_1', V_2', V_3' \dots$, koska kuitujen aiheuttamaa kanavien tukkeutumisriskiä ei ole.

Mainitulaiset laimennusvesisyötö voidaan sijoittaa pienemmällä jaotuksella kuin nykyisin laimennussäädössä olevan 60 mm sijaan voidaan mennä 30 mm säätöön venttiilienvälillä. Käytettävä laimennusvesimäärä on vähäinen ja erillistä laimennusveden kiertoa ei tarvita. Näin ollen keksinnön mukainen ratkaisu on konstruktioaltaan edullinen ja sillä päästään tiheämpään venttiilienväliseen jaotukseen eli suurempaan resoluutioon eli säädön tarkkuuteen. Käytämällä raakavettä toisen vaiheen säädössä voidaan käyttää tavanomaisia venttiiliratkaisuja, jolloin myös venttiilit voidaan sijoittaa jopa 20–30 mm jaotuksella toisiinsa nähdyn. Sen sijaan ensimmäisen vaiheen säädössä voidaan säätöresoluutiota mainitun vaiheen kohdalla muuttaa niin, että venttiilit, esim. 60 mm:n tavanomaisen 1-vaihelaimennuksen sijaan ovat esimerkiksi 120 mm:n jaotuksella toisiinsa nähdyn. Näin ollen käytämällä keksinnön mukaista ratkaisua, jossa ensimmäisen vaiheen laimennuksessa laimennusvetenä käytetään viiravettä ja toisen vaiheen laimennuksessa kuituja sisältämätöntä laimennusvettä, päästään kokonaisloppulokseen, jossa säätötarkkuus on parempi kuin tavanomaisessa yksivaiheisessa laimennuksessa ja jossa kuitenkin konstruktiokustannukset rakenteen osalta eivät ole suurentuneet yksivaiheiseen laimennukseen verrattuna.

Laimennuksen ensimmäisessä vaiheessa suoritetaan neliöpainoprofilin karkeasäätö ja laimennuksen toisessa vaiheessa hienosäätö. Toisessa laimennusvaiheessa käytettävä laimennusvesi on edullisesti raakavettä tai kirkastettua viiravettä. Näin ollen toisen vaiheen laimennusvesi sisältää kiintoaineita ja/tai kuituja olennaisesti prosentuaalisesti vähemmän kuin ensimmäisen vaiheen laimennusvesi, joka edullisesti on viiralta otettua vettä. Edullisimmin toisen vaiheen laimennusvesi on kiinto- ja täyteaineita sekä kuituja sisältämätöntä raakavettä.

25

Kuviossa 2 on esitetty keksinnön mukainen paperikoneen tai kartonkikoneen perälaitikko 10. Perälaitikko käsittää massanjakotukin J_1 , massanjakotukin jälkeen pillistön 11, pillistön jälkeen välikammion 12 ja välikammion jälkeen turbulenssigeneraattoriin 13 ja edelleen huulikartion 14, josta massa M_1 johdetaan muodostusviiralle H_1 . Keksinön mukaisesti suoritetaan ensimmäisen vaiheen laimennus pillistön 11 putkiin 11a_{1,1},

11a_{1.2},11a_{4.1},11a_{4.2} ... venttiilien V₁,V₂,V₃ ... kautta. viiraveden jakotukista J₂ johdetaan viiravesi (nuoli L₁) putkiin D₁,D₂,D₃ ... ja niiden kautta venttiileille V₁,V₂,V₃... ja edelleen kyseisten säädettävien venttiilien V₁,V₂... kautta pillistöön 11 sen putkiin

11a_{1.1},11a_{1.2},11a_{4.1},11a_{4.2} ... Vентиilit V₁,V₂,V₃... sijaitsevat esimerkiksi 120 mm jatkuksella 10 m leveän perälaatikon yhteydessä. Toinen laimennuskohta eli toisen laimennusvaiheen II venttiilit V₁',V₂'... sijaitsevat edullisesti turbulenssigeneraattorin 13 turbulenssiputkien 13a_{1.1},13a_{1.2},13a_{1.3},13a_{2.1},13a_{2.2},13a_{2.3} yhteydessä perälaatikon eri leveyspisteissä. Raakavesi johdetaan (nuoli L₂) raakaveden jakotukista J₃ kanavaan D₁',D₂',D₃'... ja venttiilien V₁',V₂'... kautta edelleen turbulenssigeneraattorien 13 putkiin 13a_{1.1},13a_{1.2},13a_{1.3},13a_{2.1},13a_{2.2},13a_{2.3}, jossa raakavesi johdetaan ensimmäisessä vaiheessa laimennetun massan yhteyteen. Massan M₁ virtaus on esitetty nuolin S₁ ja laimennusvesien virtausta on esitetty nuolin L₁ ja L₂.

Tuotaessa laimennusneste massavirtauksen yhteyteen ensimmäisessä laimennusvaiheessa ja toisessa laimennusvaiheessa laimennusvesi johdetaan ensimmäisessä laimennusvaiheessa I joko yhteen tai useampaan, edullisesti kaikkiin, pillistön 11 kyseisen leveyskohdan putkirivien putkiin. Vastaavasti toisessa laimennusvaiheessa II voidaan laimennusvesi johtaa joko yhteen kyseisen leveyskohdan turbulenssigeneraattorin 13 putkeen tai kyseisen leveyskohdan useampaan putkeen, edullisesti kaikkiin putkiin.

Patenttivaatimukset

1. Menetelmä laimennusveden johtamiseksi paperikoneen tai kartonkikoneen perälaatikon massanjakotukista johdetun massavirtauksen yhteyteen, **tunnettu** siitä, että menetelmässä suoritetaan laimennus ainakin kaksivaiheisesti käytäväällä ensimmäisessä laimennusvaiheessa (I) suuremmalla keskinäisellä välimatkalla perälaatikon eri leveyskohdissa olevia venttiilejä ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$) ja johtamalla laimennusvesi mainittujen venttiilien kautta halutuille perälaatikon leveyskohdille paperin tai kartongin neliöpainon säätötarpeen mukaisesti ja että menetelmässä toisessa laimennusvaiheessa (II) johdetaan ensimmäisestä laimennusvaiheesta (I) tulevan massavirtauksen yhteyteen laimennusvettä, jota säädetään venttiileillä ($V_1', V_2' \dots$), jotka venttiilit ($V_1', V_2' \dots$) on asetettu tiheämälle jaotukselle kuin ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen (I) venttiilit ($V_1, V_2, V_3\dots$).
- 15 2. Patenttivaatimuksen 1 mukainen menetelmä, **tunnettu** siitä, että laimennuksen ensimmäisessä vaiheessa (I) suoritetaan massan (M_1) neliöpainoprofiilin karkeasäätö ja laimennuksen toisessa vaiheessa (II) massan (M_1) neliöpainoprofiilin hienosäätö koneleveydeltä.
- 20 3. Patenttivaatimuksen 1 tai 2 mukainen menetelmä, **tunnettu** siitä, että laimennuksen toisessa vaiheessa (II) käytetään laimennusvetenä vettä, jonka kiintoaine, täyteaine tai kuitupitoisuus on olennaisesti prosentuaalisesti pienempi kuin ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen (I) laimennusveden.
- 25 4. Jonkin edellä olevan patenttivaatimuksen 1–3 mukainen menetelmä, **tunnettu** siitä, että toisessa laimennusvaiheessa (II) käytettävä laimennusvesi on raakavettä tai kirkastettua viiravettä.
- 30 5. Jonkin edellä olevan patenttivaatimuksen mukainen menetelmä, **tunnettu** siitä, että ensimmäisen vaiheen (I) laimennusvesi on viiravettä.

6. Paperikoneen tai kartonkikoneen perälaatikko (10), joka käsittää massanjakotukin (J₁) ja sen jälkeen pillistön (11) ja pillistön jälkeen välikammion (12) ja välikammion jälkeen turbulenssigeneraattorin (13) ja turbulenssigeneraattorin jälkeen huulikartion (14), josta massa johdetaan edelleen muodostusviiralle (H₁), **tunnettua** siitä, että laitteisto käsittää ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen (I) venttiilit (V₁, V₂, V₃...), joiden kautta johdetaan laimennusvettä jakotukista (J₁) johdetun massan (M₁) yhteyteen halutuille kohdille perälaatikkoleveyttä rainan neliöpainon säätämiseksi ensimmäisessä vaiheessa (I) ja että perälaatikko käsittää toisen laimennusvaiheen (II) venttiilit (V₁', V₂', V₃'...), joiden venttiilien (V₁', V₂' ...) kautta johdetaan toisen laimennusvaiheen laimennusvesi ensimmäisestä laimennusvaiheesta (I) tulleen massan (M₁) yhteyteen.

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7. Patenttivaatimuksen 6 mukainen paperikoneen tai kartonkikoneen perälaatikko, **tunnettua** siitä, että ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen (I) laimennusvesi johdetaan massanjakotukista (J₁) johdetun massan (M₁) yhteyteen perälaatikon pillistön (11) yhteydessä ja 10 että toisen laimennusvaiheen (II) laimennusvesi johdetaan ensimmäisestä laimennusvaiheesta (I) tulleen massan (M₁) yhteyteen turbulenssigeneraattorin (13) yhteydessä.

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8. Patenttivaatimuksen 6 tai 7 mukainen perälaatikko, **tunnettua** siitä, että ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen (I) venttiilit (V₁, V₂, V₃ ...) ovat suuremman keskinäisen välimatkan päässä toisistaan kuin toisen laimennusvaiheen (II) venttiilit (V₁', V₂, V₃' ...), jolloin ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen (I) venttiileillä (V₁, V₂ ...) suoritetaan rainan neliöpainon karkeasäätö ja toisen laimennusvaiheen (II) venttiileillä (V₁', V₂'...) suoriteetaan rainan neliöpainon hienosäätö.

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9. Jonkin edellä olevan patenttivaatimuksen 6–8 mukainen perälaatikko, **tunnettua** siitä, että laitteisto käsittää toisen laimennusvaiheen (II) laimennusvedelle jakotukin (J₃), 25 joka käsittää laimennusvetenä raakavettä.

Tiivistelmä

Keksinnön kohteena on menetelmä ja laitteisto laimennusnesteen sekoittamiseksi massavirtaukseen paperikoneessa tai kartonkikoneessa. Menetelmässä suoritetaan laimennus ainakin kaksivaiheisesti käyttämällä ensimmäisessä laimennusvaiheessa (I) suuremmalla keskinäisellä välimatkalla perälaatikon eri leveyskohdissa olevia venttiilejä ($V_1, V_2, V_3 \dots$) ja johtamalla laimennusvesi mainittujen venttiilien kautta halutuille perälaatikon leveyskohdille paperin tai kartongin neliöpainon säätötarpeen mukaisesti. Menetelmässä toisessa laimennusvaiheessa (II) johdetaan ensimmäisestä laimennusvaiheesta (I) tulevan massavirtauksen yhteyteen laimennusvettä, jota säädetään venttiileillä ($V_1', V_2' \dots$), jotka venttiilit ($V_1', V_2' \dots$) on asetettu tiheämälle jaotukselle kuin ensimmäisen laimennusvaiheen (I) venttiilit ($V_1, V_2, V_3 \dots$).

(Fig. 2)

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING
OF A CHANGE(PCT Rule 92bis.1 and
Administrative Instructions, Section 422)Date of mailing (day/month/year)
28 March 2001 (28.03.01)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

FORSSÉN & SALOMAA OY
Yrjönkatu 30
FIN-00100 Helsinki
FINLANDApplicant's or agent's file reference
MH/FI990967

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

International application No.
PCT/FI00/00320International filing date (day/month/year)
14 April 2000 (14.04.00)

1. The following indications appeared on record concerning:

the applicant the inventor the agent the common representative

Name and Address VALMET CORPORATION Fabianinkatu 9 A FIN-00130 Helsinki Finland	State of Nationality FI	State of Residence FI
	Telephone No.	
	Facsimile No.	
	Teleprinter No.	

2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the following change has been recorded concerning:

the person the name the address the nationality the residence

Name and Address METSO PAPER, INC. Fabianinkatu 9 A FIN-00130 Helsinki Finland	State of Nationality FI	State of Residence FI
	Telephone No.	
	Facsimile No.	
	Teleprinter No.	

3. Further observations, if necessary:

4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the receiving Office	<input type="checkbox"/> the designated Offices concerned
<input type="checkbox"/> the International Searching Authority	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the elected Offices concerned
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the International Preliminary Examining Authority	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer F. Baechler
Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION
(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT
2011 South Clark Place Room
CP2/5C24
Arlington, VA 22202
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

in its capacity as elected Office

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 21 November 2000 (21.11.00)	International application No. PCT/FI00/00320	Applicant's or agent's file reference MH/FI990967
International filing date (day/month/year) 14 April 2000 (14.04.00)	Priority date (day/month/year) 28 April 1999 (28.04.99)	
Applicant LUMIALA, Juhana		

1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:

 in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:

04 October 2000 (04.10.00)

 in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:

2. The election was was not

made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Authorized officer Charlotte ENGER Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38
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